



















Datasheet

AUO

P320HVN04.1

UP-02-173

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Model Name: P320HVN04.1

Issue Date: 2018/07/19

()Preliminary Specifications(*)Final Specifications

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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2017/09/04		1 st release
0.1	2017/11/03		2nd release(red font)
		6/17	Backlight power consumption update
1.0	2018/02/13	24/25	Drawing update
		26	Reliability item update
2.0	2018/03/23	20	Color Coordinates update
2.1	2018/07/19	17	Electrical specification update
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1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module P320HVN04.1. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920x1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1920x1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The P320HVN04.1 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle. High Tni (110°C) liquid crystal and QWP (quarter wave plate) polarizer are also applied on this model to enhance the sunlight readability.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	0,00
Display Area	698.4 (H) x 392.85(V)	mm	<i>y</i>
Outline Dimension	726.46(H) x 420.9(V) x 30.0 (D)	mm	D: Max., to wall mount
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	701.46(H) x 395.9(V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bits	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.3638 (H) x 0.1213 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	2H, Low Reflection, QWP		
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1
Display Orientation	Portrait/Landscape Enabled		Note 2

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate. This function does not work in this model. Note 2: Please refer to 5.1 Placement Suggestions.



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

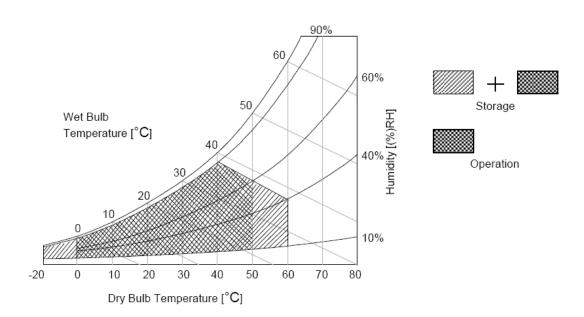
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50° C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The P320HVN04.1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

3.1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1 DC Characteristics (Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C)

	Parameter	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offit	Note
LCD					(21	
Power Sup	ply Input Voltage	V_{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}	
Power Sup	ply Input Current	I _{DD}		0.56	0.67	Α	1
Power Con	sumption	Pc		6.72	8.06	Watt	1
Inrush Curi	rent	I _{RUSH}	1	,<	5	А	2
Permissible Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage		V_{RP}	ŀ	x Z	V _{DD} * 5%	mV_{pk-pk}	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	600	mV_{DC}	4
Differential Input High Threshold LVDS Voltage Interface Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	, ,	V _{TH}	+100		+300	mV_{DC}	4
	V _{TL}	-300		-100	mV_{DC}	4	
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V_{DC}	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7		3.3	V_{DC}	5
Interface Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0		0.6	V_{DC}	5	
Backlight P	ower Consumption	P _{BL}		92.99	102.28	Watt	
Life time (N	ITBF)		50000			Hour	8, 9

3.1.2 AC Characteristics (Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C)

	Parameter			Value	Unit	Note	
			Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	6
LVDS Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	6
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	7



3.1.3 Driver Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
Driver Surface Temperature	DST		100	[°C]	Note

Note: Any point on the driver surface must be less than 100°C under any conditions.

3.1.4 TCON Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
TCON Surface Temperature	TST		85	[℃]	Note

Note: Any point on the TCON surface must be less than 85°C under any conditions.

Note:

1. Test Condition:

(1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$

(2) Fv = 60Hz

(3) Fclk= Max freq.

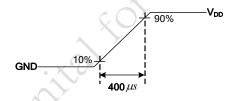
(4) Temperature = 25 °C

(5) Typ. Input current: White Pattern

Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO

>> refer to "Section:3.3 Signal Timing Specification, Typical timing"

2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



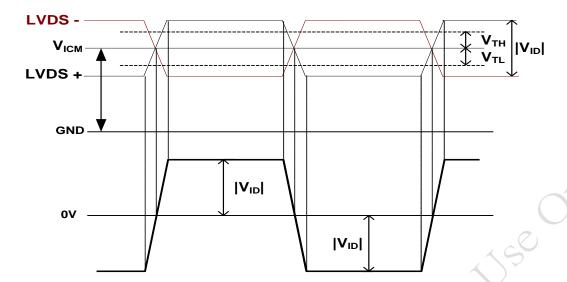
3. Test Condition:

(1) The measure point of V_{RP} is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.

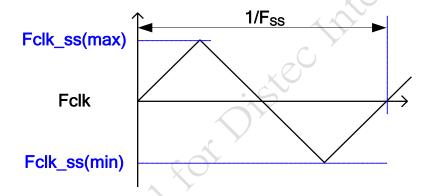
(2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition.

4. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$





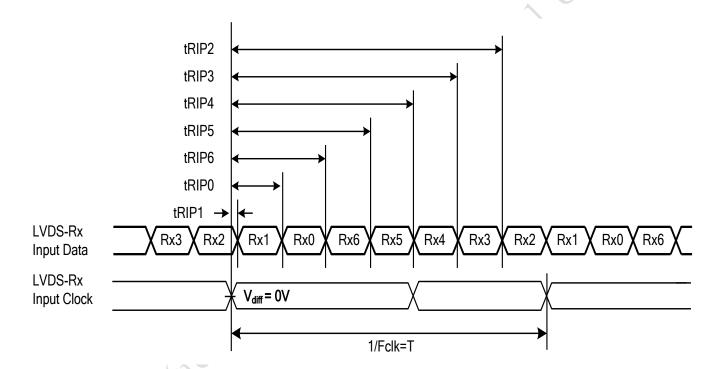
- 5. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





7. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Cumbal	Rating				Note
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)		Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	[tRMG]	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	1
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns) >
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	



- **8.** The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40° C or less. At temperatures greater than 40° C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39° C.
- 9. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta = 25±2°C, for single lamp/LED only]



3.2 Interface Connections

• LCD connector: FI-RTE51SZ-HF (JAE, LVDS connector) or compatible

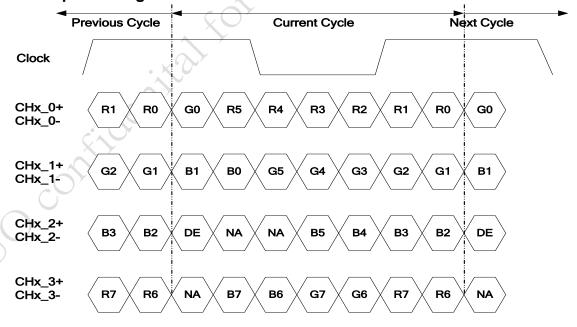
		(UAL, EVDO connector) or compatible
PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection
2	N.C.	No connection
3	N.C.	No connection
4	N.C.	No connection
5	N.C.	No connection
6	N.C.	No connection
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
8	N.C.	No connection
9	N.C.	No connection
10	N.C.	No connection
11	GND	Ground
12	CH1_Y0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-
13	CH1_Y0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+
14	CH1_Y1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-
15	CH1_Y1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+
16	CH1_Y2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-
17	CH1_Y2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+
18	GND	Ground
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +
21	GND	Ground
22	CH1_Y3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-
23	CH1_Y3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
24	N.C.	No connection
25	N.C.	No connection
26	GND	Ground
27	GND	Ground
28	CH2_Y0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
29	CH2_Y0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
30	CH2_Y1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
31	CH2_Y1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
32	CH2_Y2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
33	CH2_Y2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
34	GND	Ground
35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -



		II.E.			
36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +			
37	GND	Ground			
38	CH2_Y3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-			
39	CH2_Y3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+			
40	N.C.	No connection			
41	N.C.+	No connection			
42	N.C.	No connection			
43	N.C.	No connection			
44	GND	Ground			
45	GND	Ground			
46	GND	Ground			
47	N.C.	No connection			
48	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated			
49	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated			
50	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated			
51	V_{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated			

Note: N.C.: please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

■ LVDS Option = High/OPEN →NS

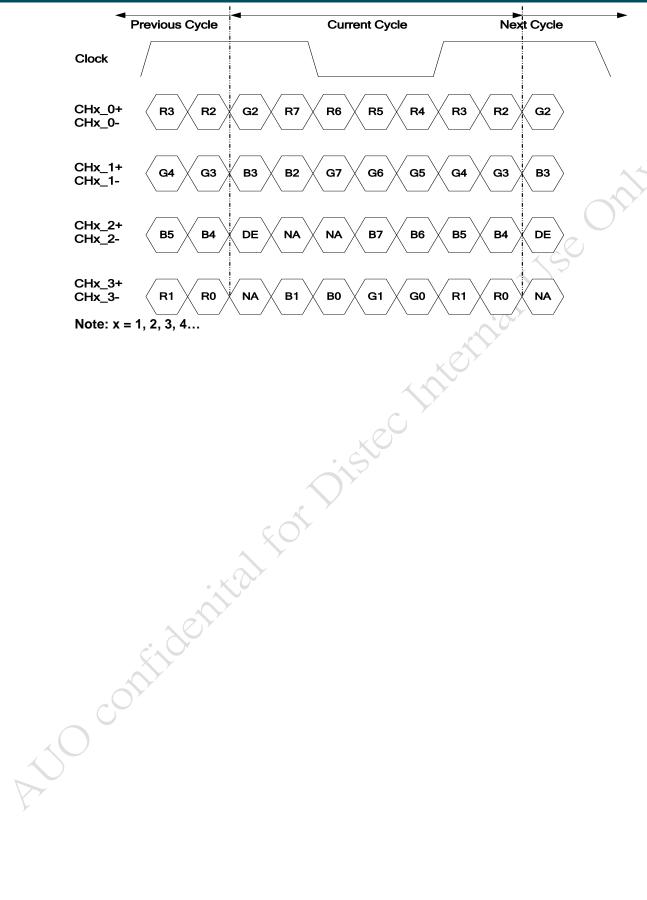


Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

■ LVDS Option = Low → JEIDA









3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Timing Table (DE only Mode)

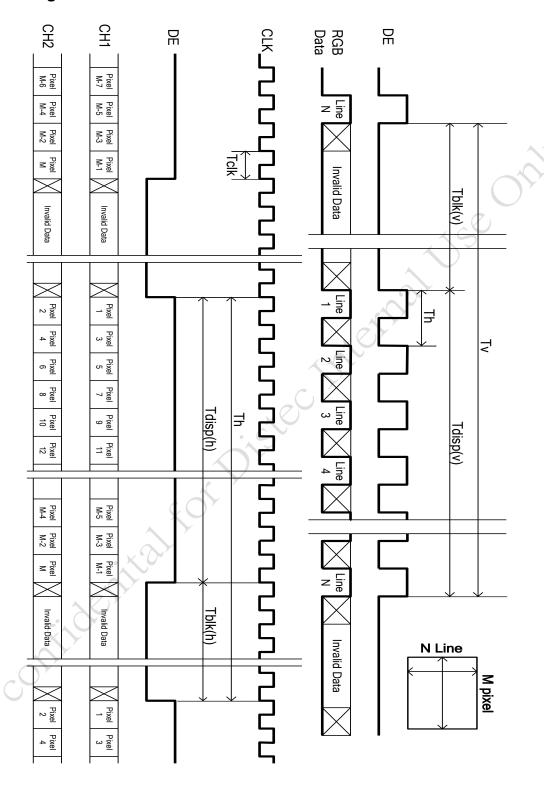
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1100	1125	1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)	1080			
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	20	45	400	Th
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	53	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
 Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2)Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





3.5 Color Input Data Reference

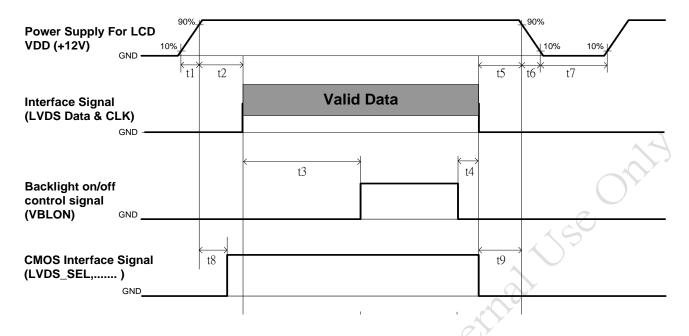
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											I	npu	t Co	olor	Data	a									
	Color				RE	ΞD							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	Coloi	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	B	MS	В					LS	3B
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R									<		<i>></i>														
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G				£																					
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
4	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



3.6 Power Sequence for LCD



Danamatan		Values		Unit	
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.		
t1	0.4		30	ms	
t2	0.1		50	ms	
t3	450			ms	
t4	0*1			ms	
t5	0			ms	
t6			*2	ms	
t7	500			ms	
t8	20*3		50	ms	
t9	0			ms	

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

(3) When CMOS Interface signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



3.7 Backlight Specification

3.7.1 Electrical specification (Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C)

	ltom	S. m	hal	Condition		Spec		Unit	Note
	Item	Sym	iboi	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
1	Input Voltage	VDDB		-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	
2	Input Current	I _{DI}	DB	VDDB=24V		3.87	4.26	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P _D	DDB	VDDB=24V		93	111.6	w	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RU}	JSH	VDDB=24V			9.8	ADC	2
_	On/Off control voltage	V_{BLON}	ON	VDDB=24V	2		3.3	VDC	-
5	On/Off control voltage		OFF	VDDB=24V	-0.3		0.8	VDC	-
6	On/Off control current	I _{BLON}		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
_	External PWM	\	MAX	VDDB=24V	2) -	3.3	\/D0	-
7	Control Voltage	V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	-0.3	-	0.8	VDC	-
8	External PWM Control Current	I_EP	PWM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	20	-	100	%	3
10	External PWM Frequency	F_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	90		10000	Hz	-
11	DET atatus signal	DET	(II)	VDDB=24V	Ор	en Colle	ctor	tor VDC	
	DET status signal	DEI	Lo	VUUB=24V	0		0.8	VDC	4
12	Input Impedance	R	in	VDDB=24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C , Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB: 10%~90%);

Note 3: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

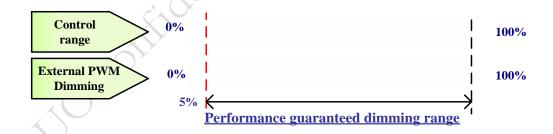
Note 4: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector



3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

LED driver board connector: Cvilux Cl0114M1HRL-NH or equivalent

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector (Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ; Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off
13	NC	NC
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)



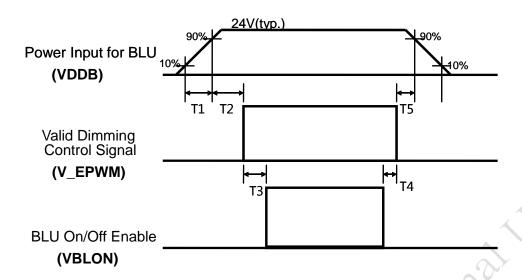
(Note*) IF External PWM function includes 5% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.

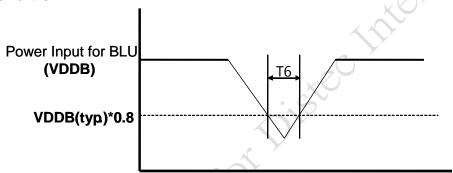
Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed



3.7.3 Power Sequence for Backlight



Dip condition



Davamatav		Heita		
Parameter	Min Typ Max		Max	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	250	-	-	ms
Т3	200			ms
T4	0	-	•	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
T6		-	1000	ms ^{*1}

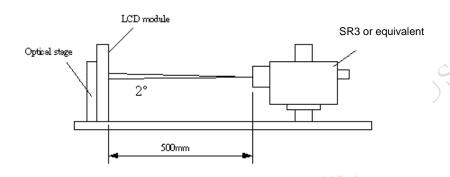
Note:1. T6 describes VDDB dip condition and VDDB couldn't lower than 10% VDDB.



4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined on the back-light of measured unit is 'ON' and stabilized after 45~60 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values are specified at 50cm distance from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Cumbal		Values		Unit	Notes
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH} (2D)	1200	1500		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}		1	1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		8	10	ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates	× O)					
Red	R_X		0.654			
70 ^y	R_Y		0.333			
Green	G_X		0.309]		
	G_Y	Тур0.03	0.614	Тур.+0.03		
Blue	B_X	Тур0.03	0.149	тур.+0.03		
	B_Y		0.064			
White	W_X		0.28			
	W_{Y}		0.29			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θ_{l}		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	θ_{u}		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. LED current I_F = typical value (without driver board), LED input VDDB =24V, I_{DDB}. = Typical value (with driver board), L_{WH}=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as: $\delta_{\text{WHITE(9P)}} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9})$
- 4. Response time T_{Y} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on F_{v} =60Hz to optimize.

Me	asured			Target	-(C)	
Respo	nse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

Ty is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

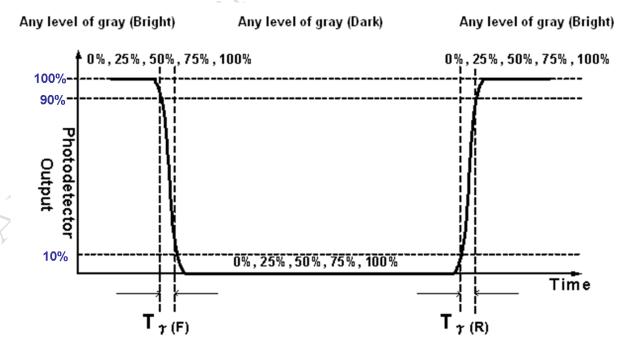
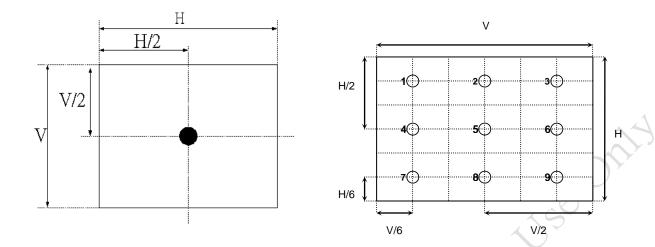
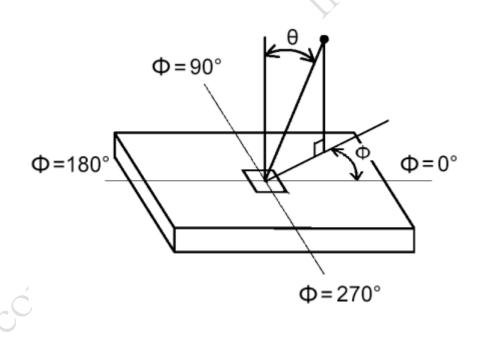




FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.





5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P320HVN04.1 In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

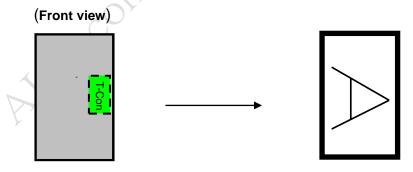
It	tem	Dimension	Unit	Note
Outline Dimension	Horizontal 726.46		mm	
	Vertical	420.99	mm	
	Depth (Dmin) 9.9		mm	front bezel to back bezel
	Depth (Dmax)	26.0	mm	to DB Cover
Weight	494	10	g	w/ DB

5.1 Placement Suggestions

1. Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side on the upper side and the image is shown upright via viewing from the front.

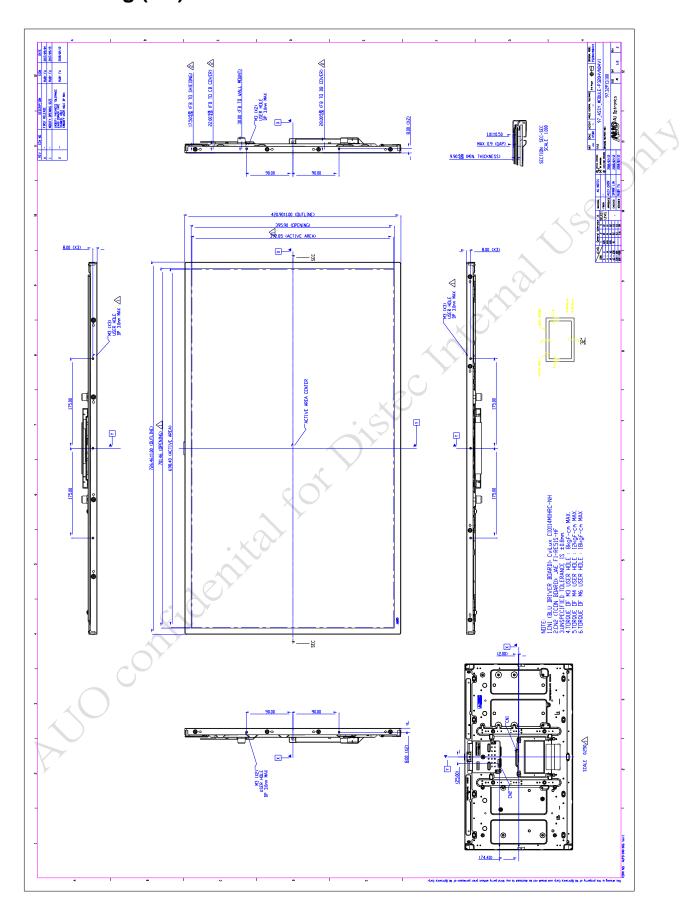


2. Portrait Mode: The default placement is that T-Con side has to be placed on the right side via viewing from the front.



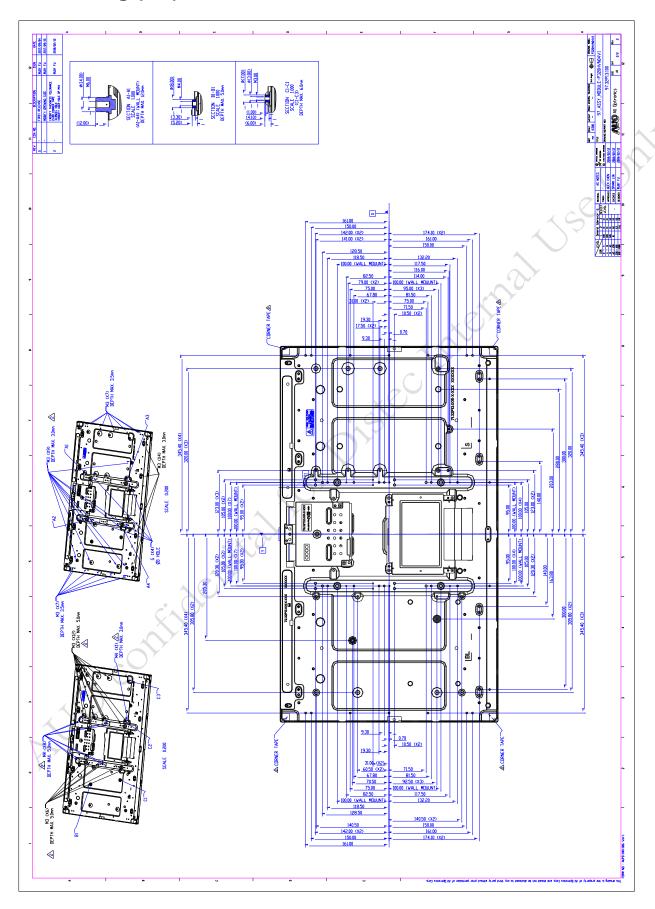


2D Drawing (1/2)





2D Drawing (2/2)





6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 500hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 500hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 500hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 500hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz Duration: X axis, Vertical, 10min Y axis, Vertical, 10min Z axis, Vertical, 10min one time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Shock level 50G ,20ms ±X,Y,Z axis Waveform: half sine wave Direction: One time each direction
7	Vibration test (With carton)	1CTN	Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	1CTN	Height: 30.5 cm (ASTMD4169-I) Sequence:1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (refer ASTM D 5276)



7. International Standard

7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1 Second Edition, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1: 2005 + A1: 2009 + A2: 2003, Standard for Safety of International Electro technical Commission.
- (3) EN 60950-1: 2006+A11: 2009 + A1: 2010 + A12: 2011 + A2: 2013, European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment

7.2 EMC

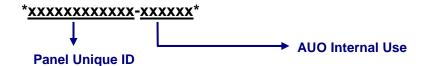
- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information
 Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC),
 1998

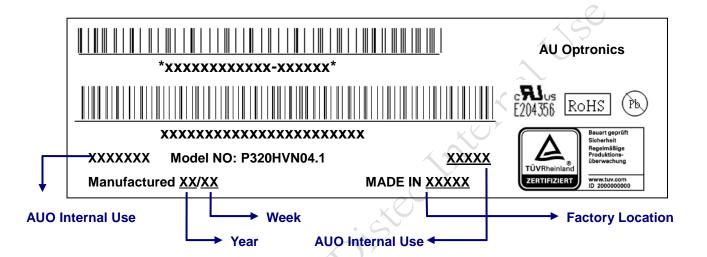


8. Packing

8.1 Definition of Label

A. Panel Label:





Green mark description

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add (Pb) for identification
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

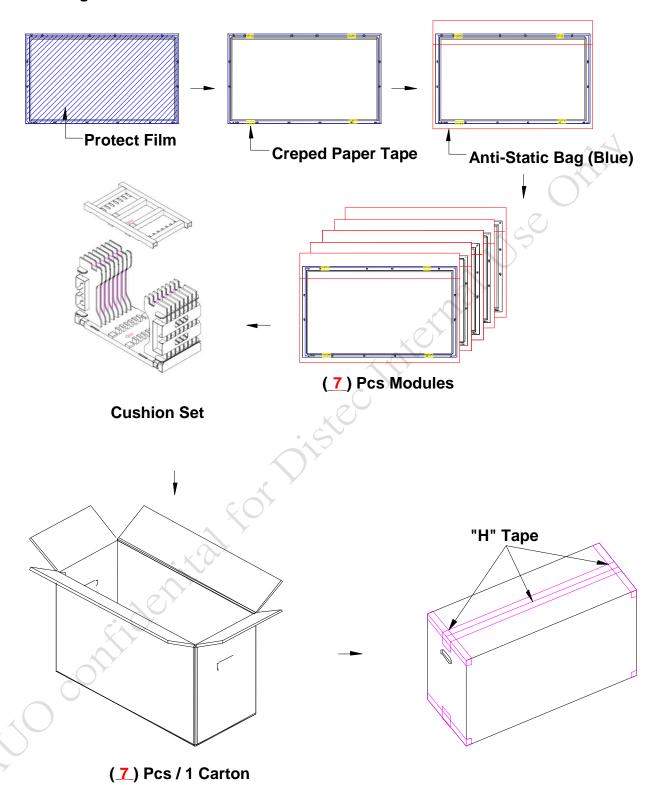
Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

B. Carton Label:





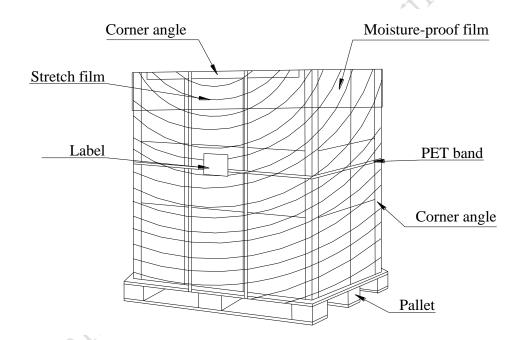
8.2 Packing Methods





8.3 Pallet and Shipment Information

			Specification		Packing Romark			
	Item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Packing Remark			
1	Packing Box	7pcs/box	820mm(L)*376mm(W)*537mm(H)	39.93	Panels:34.58kg			
		7 pcs/box	82011111(L) 37011111(W) 33711111(H)		Packing: 5.35kg			
2	Pallet	1	1150mm(L)*840mm(W)*132mm(H)	15.6	14			
3	Boxes per Pallet		3 boxes/layer ; 6boxes/pallet					
4	Panels per Pallet		42 pcs/pallet					
5	Pallet after packing	42 pcs/pallet	1150 mm (L)*840 mm (W)*1206 mm (H)	255.18	6boxes:239.58kg			
		42 pcs/pallet	1130 mm (L) 840 mm (W) 1206 mm (H)		Pallet:15.6kg			





9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9.1 Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9.2 Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it may become lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.



9.3 Operating Condition for Public Information Display

The device listed in the product specification is designed and manufactured for PID (Public Information Display) application. To optimize module's lifetime and function, below operating usages are required.

- (1) Normal operating condition
 - A. Operating temperature: 0~50°C
 - B. Operating humidity: 10~90%
 - C. Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display).Note) Long-term static display would cause image sticking.
- (2) Operation usage to protect against abnormal display due to long-term static display.
 - A. Suitable operating time: under 20 hours a day.
 - B. Liquid Crystal refresh time is required. Cycling display between 5 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
 - C. Periodically change background and character (image) color.
 - D. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- (3) Periodically adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
 - A. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
 - B. Power off the system for a while
- (4) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (5) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, display stationary patterns, or long operation time etc..., it is strongly recommended to contact AUO for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems.

9.4 Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9.5 Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9.6 Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

(1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.



- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

9.7 Handling Precautions for Protection Film

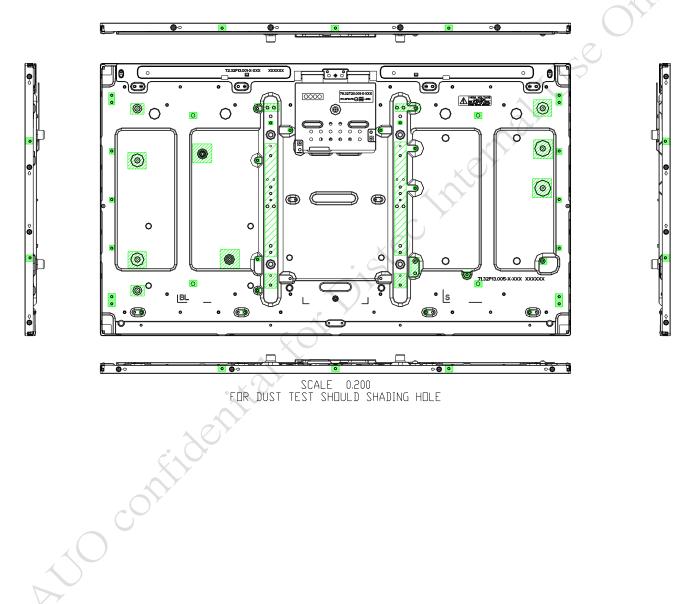
- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.



9.8 Dust Resistance

- (1) AUO module dust test is conducted with marked holes (see Figure 1) sealed to comply with JIS D0207.
- (2) Module users should design set with these holes used/sealed(if not used) or covered by set mechanism to prevent dust from entering. The AUO testing procedure cannot replicate all different real world scenarios, module users should apply set dust resistance solution to meet users' requirement.

Figure 1





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